De Francisco Municipal Transportation Agona

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SFMTA

San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency Fiscal and Management Update

Administration, Operations, & Customer Service Committee (AOCSC) July 15, 2021

Revenue Trends - Long Term Revenue Trends in \$2020 Constant, \$M



Revenue Trends

Revenue Trends

Strateo

Transit Fare Revenue Trend: FY 2019 to present



Revenue Trends

Strateg

Parking Revenue Trend: FY 2019 to present



Structural Deficit: January 28, 2020

Structural Deficit



(66)

(77)

(87)

(123)

Pre-Pandemic

Revenue Less Expenditures

SFMTA Administration, Operations, & Customer Service Committee (AOCSC)

(154)

Revenue Trends

Strategy

Structural Deficit: June 30, 2020

1,450 1,400 1,350 1,300 1,250 1,200	(\$ -)	(\$ -)	(\$	5 96M)	(\$84M) ((\$79M)
1,150 1,100 1,050 1,000				• \$287	B Adoption M in one-time r M in ongoing o	revenue	nue shifted
1,000	FY21	FY22		FY23	FY24		FY25
Operatin	ig Budget, \$M		FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25
Revenue			1,252	1,281	1,238	1,288	1,333
Expendit	ures		1,252	1,281	1,335	1,373	1,412
Revenue	Less Expenditures		(-)	(-)	(96)	(84)	(79)

MTA Adopted Budget FY 21 & 22

Structural Deficit: December 1, 2020

Structural Deficit



(68)

(168)

(119)

(113)

Assessing Pandemic Impact

Revenue Less Expenditures

(134)

Revenue Trends	Structural Deficit		Strategy				
Structural	Deficit: April	20, 202	21			10	
1,450					/¢701/	_	\$136M)
1,400				(\$-)	(\$79M))	
1,350		(\$-)		(4)			
1,300		(+)					
1,250							
1,200							
1,150	(\$-)			Board U	pdate (2nd	Wave)	
1,100					pdate (2no onal federa		
1,050				133 ai	nd H.R. 131	9 assum	ned
1,000							
	FY21	FY22		FY23	FY24		FY25
Operating Budge	et, \$M		FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25
Revenue			1,124	1,305	1,353	1,324	1,321
Expenditures			1,124	1,305	1,353	1,403	1,457

(-)

(-)

(-)

(79)

Assessing 2nd Wave of COVID

M SFMTA Administration, Operations, & Customer Service Committee (AOCSC)

Revenue Less Expenditures

(136)

Capital/Infrastructure: Structural Deficit Analysis (April 2021 updates) In the 5-year CIP period, we are addressing 68.5% of the state-of-good repair (SGR) need, leaving a gap of \$611.5 million.



Projected operating

funding gap

2025

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2050 Financial Forecast

OUR FUNDING GAP WILL CONTINUE TO GROW TO A \$35.9B FUNDING SHORTFALL OVER THE NEXT 30 YEARS

By 2050, we anticipate a cumulative funding gap of \$16.2 billion for operating expenses (costs such as staff time, materials and utilities to run service) and \$19.7 billion for capital expenses (projects such as streetscape improvements, vehicles, facilities and rail).

Addressing this gap will require securing stable and consistent funding sources.

2030



2035

Transportation 2050 Funding Potential Revenue Measures (voter required)

General Obligation Bond	General Obligation Bond, backed by General Fund debt program. <i>Equates to roughly \$56 million in capital annually for 7-years.</i> Funds key infrastructure projects and programs that cannot be funded through other state and federal sources.	\$400 million One-Time
Transportation Community Facilities District Mello-Roos District	Implement a citywide Mello-Roos Community Facilities District dedicated to transportation services and infrastructure. Funding to support Muni Transit Service, Transit and Transportation critical infrastructure. Permanent dedication and initial tax (allows for future taxes dedicated to the district over time/need).	Up to \$180 million On-Going
Parking Tax Reform 25% tax on total parking charges for all off- street parking throughout the City	Look at existing parking tax and consider reforms, increase in rate, on-street and off-street spaces subject to the tax. This would include a review of numerous existing programs.	\$75-500 million (further analysis needed)
Reauthorization Proposition K Transportation Sales Tax	The existing Proposition K ½ Transportation Sales Tax requires a new expenditure plan, which would allow financing for key capital projects and financing ability beyond the current 2034 end date.	No net new money
Additional ¹ / ₂ Transportation Sales Tax	Expands the current ½ Transportation Sales Tax by an additional ½ cent.	Up to \$105 million annually
Vehicle License Fee	San Francisco was authorized a vehicle license fee of 1.35% as authorized under Senate Bill1492 (Leno).	Up to \$70 million annually

Transportation 2050 Funding Program (not voter required)

Development on SFIVITA Properties BUILDING PROGRESS	The Building Progress Program includes efforts for joint development on numerous SFMTA properties, and an on-going policy goal to reduce costly leases. We will be working on developing housing at the Potrero Yard, on revenue-generating development at the Presidio Yard, 5th and Mission Garage and Moscone Garage. We will also look to joint-development opportunities through a review of all SFMTA parking properties	\$25 million On-Going
Update Cost Recovery Model – Residential Parking Permit Program	Review exiting Residential Parking Permit Program Cost Recovery model to ensure the agency is recouping all eligible costs for administration, operations and necessary program support infrastructure.	Up to \$2 million On-Going (further analysis needed)
Downtown Congestion Pricing	Congestion Pricing is a system that uses fees to control roadway demand and uses revenues to fund a package of transportation improvements. The San Francisco County Transportation Authority is exploring how a fee to drive downtown during busy hours could get traffic moving and achieve goals around street safety, clean air, and equity. Congestion Pricing would require state authorizing legislation before San Francisco could implement a pricing program	\$60 million + annually (further analysis needed)
Federal 10-Year Transportation Bill (increase funding by 10+%)	On average, the SFMTA regularly receives \$185 million/annually from the federal government largely for capital infrastructure replacement. There are so significant grants as part of the Capital Investment Grant (CIP).	\$20 million+ annually
State Transportation Funding (increase funding by 10+%)	The SFMTA currently regularly receives \$85 million/annually from the State Transit Assistance Program, State of Good Repair Program, sources related to Cap and Trade and other programs part of the 2017 Senate Bill 1.	\$8 million+ annually